



Climate and Weather in Hurghada

- **Overview**

Hurghada, known in Egypt as Ghardaga, is located between the Anfish mountain range and the beaches of the Red Sea. The city itself is 240 miles southeast of Cairo. Hurghada has been a popular tourist destination with Europeans for many years because of its scuba diving activities along the coral reefs of the Red Sea. From an archeological standpoint, Hurghada has early Christian roots through the monasteries of St. Anthony and St. Paul. It also offers a unique look at Roman life, having one of the few existing ancient Roman mining towns in the world. Travelers to Hurghada can expect desert climates during the day with moist, chilly winds coming from the sea in the evenings.

- **Spring and Summer**

Late spring in Hurghada offers mild temperatures with little precipitation. In May, temperatures hover around 78 F. Some rain falls in the spring, but it is very slight. By June, summers offer hot, sunny days with evening sea breezes. Visitors should consider bringing a light jacket for the evenings. In the summer, from June to August, the day temperatures average between 83 F to 85 F. Travelers should be aware that as they tour areas away from the costal city of Hurghada and towards the Anfish mountains, temperatures may rise over 100 F.

- **Autumn and Winter**

Visitors to Hurghada can expect hot and very dry summers. It is not until October when temperatures begin to drop to a more comfortable 77 F. Hurghada winters unofficially begin in November and end in early April. Temperatures are warm and comfortable, averaging between 69 F and 72 F. The city is very sunny in the winter, and travelers can expect sunny skies a minimum of 6 hours a day. This desert area has little precipitation and heavy downpours rarely happen. Travelers can expect the winter evenings in Hurghada to be chilly, with temperatures reaching an average around 41 F.

- **Sun Protection**

Hurghada is an ideal place to enjoy the Red Sea in Egypt. However, all travelers to Egypt must have respect for the desert sun. Wearing a high-SPF, full-spectrum sun block to avoid sunburn is essential for good health. Sunstroke and dehydration must be taken seriously, and travelers need to drink water continuously in order to avoid sunstroke illness. Hats are recommended for

El Corniche Road, P.O.Box 38 · Hurghada, Egypt
Phone: 20-65-344-6950
Fax:20-65-344-697



additional sun protection. People who tend to burn easily should take special care to avoid extreme blistering sunburns.

- **Sea Temperatures**

Hurghada's warm coastal water temperatures have helped it become a key winter destination for Europeans trying to get away from their colder climates. The water temperature of the Red Sea is almost a constant 68 F off this coast of Egypt, making Hurghada a popular place for sunbathing, boating, snorkeling, diving and fishing.

- **Best Time to Visit**

Hurghada offers mild winters from November to April, and hot dry summers from May to October. Because of its coastal location in Egypt, days are often sunny and rainy days are rare, allowing visitors to enjoy Hurghada year-round. For those who do not enjoy extremely hot weather, the ideal time to visit is in the late spring and early winter, when temperatures are more comfortable.

El Corniche Road, P.O.Box 38 · Hurghada, Egypt
Phone: 20-65-344-6950
Fax:20-65-344-697